Numb. 4138

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday July 5. to Monday July 9. 1705.

Turin, June 24. *N. S.*

ON the 17th Inſtant a conſiderable Detachment from the Duke of Vendoſme's Army before Chivas paſſed the Po, and advanced towards Caſtagneto, with intent to have poſſeſſed themſelves of ſome riſing Grounds near that Place; but our Duke ſent out 4 Regiments of Dragoons, who ſecured thoſe Poſts, and prevented the Enemy's Deſign; and they found our Troops on that ſide in ſo good a Poſture, that they did not think fit to attack them. The 18th the Enemy attacked a Country-Houſe, wherein were 30 Heydukes, who defended themſelves ſo well, that a Detachment of the Regiment of Staremberg coming to their Aſſiſtance, the Enemy were forced to retire with the Loſs of 200 Men killed and wounded, and 20 taken Priſoners. Our Men alſo took from them 150 Fire-Arms, and a great number of Inſtruments, their Deſign being to have fortified that Poſt, in caſe they had taken it. The 19th the Duke of Vendoſme ſent over the Po all his Dragoons and Carabiniers, moſt of the Granadiers in his Army, and 14 Battalions of Foot, who having joined their other Troops near Caſtagneto, advanced the next day towards that Place, intending to have attacked it; but found every thing ſo well diſpoſed, that they retired without attempting any thing. In the mean time Count Breuner with 4 Squadrons of Horſe fell upon 600 of the Enemy's Horſe commanded by the Prince d'Elbeuf, who lay behind their Camp near Chivas, and were ſupported by ſome Companies of Granadiers. Our Men entirely defeated them, killed 200 of the Horſe, and 80 Granadiers, and took 40 Priſoners; the Prince d'Elbeuf himſelf was killed, and the Sieur de Marſillac, a Colonel of Horſe, was mortally wounded; 7 or 8 of their Officers were alſo taken Priſoners; and our Men took one of their Standards: All this was performed with no other Loſs on our ſide than of about 20 Men killed and wounded. This Action ſo allarmed the Enemy, that the Duke of Vendoſme ſent for his Dragoons and Carabiniers, and 8 Battalions of Foot, from the other ſide of the Po, to ſtrengthen his Army before Chivas; and he ſeems now wholly intent upon the Siege of that Place, having begun to raiſe ſeveral Batteries againſt it.

From the Duke of Vendoſme's *Camp before* Chivas, *June* 26 On the 20th Inſtant there happened an Action between ſeveral Squadrons of our Horſe, commanded by the Prince d'Elbeuf, who had been ſent out to view the Poſture the Duke of Savoy's Forces were in, and a Detachment of Horſe from his Royal Highneſs's Camp, under the Command of Count Breuner, wherein the Prince d'Elbeuf, and a conſiderable number of our Men, were killed, and Colonel Marſillac received 8 Wounds, whereof he is ſince dead. Count Breuner afterwards advancing too near our Camp, was attacked by our Piquet-Guard, and was obliged to retire. We made a ſmall Motion, and our Right ſtretched it ſelf out as far as the River Orco, the Left extending it ſelf to the Po. The 23d at night we opened our Trenches, which were carried on within 200 Paces of the Counterſcarp. The 24th at night one of our Batteries began to play, as ſeveral others did yeſterday at noon; ſo that we have at preſent 25 Pieces of Cannon firing upon the Place. About 60 Pieces of Cannon more are expected in two or three days from Caſal. The Sieur de Morangies, a Brigadier-General, being in the Trenches, was dangerouſly wounded. The Duke de la Feuillade arrived at Suſa the 23d paſt with 13 Battalions of Foot, and a Regiment of Dragoons; and after he had viewed the Poſts in the Vallies of Perouſe and St. Martin, he left two Battalions at Suſa for the Security of that Place, and came the 24th to Buſſolini, where he is to leave another Battalion to guard the Bridge over the Doria, and to continue his March hither.

From the Grand Prior's Camp near Manerblo, *June* 26. Prince Eugene having the 19th and 20th Inſtant been joined by the Palatine Forces, and a conſiderable number of Recruits, marched the 21ſt to Nave, whither he had ſome days before ſent a ſtrong Detachment with his Bagage, and part of his Artillery; and continuing his March the 3 days following, advanced beyond Torbole. The Grand Prior decamped the 22d, and came the 24th to this Camp, near the River Mela. The 25th he went with a Detachment to Ponte-Vico, and gave Orders for the building of two Bridges there over the Oglio, and at his Return, he found that the Imperialiſts were advancing towards [illegible] Right; whereupon the Army drew up in order of Battle; but they marched without attacking us towards Roncadella. We ſhall continue here to obſerve their Motions, according to which we ſhall regulate ours.

Vienna, July 1. The Emperor intends to go next week to his Palace at Favorita, and to continue there part of this Seaſon. Some of the Daniſh Forces deſigned for Hungary are arrived here, and the reſt are hourly expected. The Malecontents, ſince the Fort near Pax has been taken from them, have not made any Motion. A Courier is lately arrived here from Conſtantinople, who gives an Account, That the Ottoman Porte continues diſpoſed to maintain the Treaty of Carlowitz, and to entertain a good Correſpondence with this Court, and not to give any Aſſiſtance to the Malecontents in Hungary.

Strasbourg, July 3. The French Army commanded by the Marſhal de Villars marched the 26th paſt to Saarbruck, the 27th to Sargemine, the 28th to Bouquenon, and the firſt Inſtant came to Ingeheim, between Zabern and Haguenau, whither the Marſhal de Marſin came from his Camp to meet him. This day between two and three in the morning the Army marched again, in order to join that which is commanded by the Marſhal de Marſin, and they are to advance afterwards towards Croon-Weiſſembourg.

From the Imperial Camp at Lauterbourg, *July* 6. Count Hohenzolern marched the 3d Inſtant from Croon-Weiſſembourg with a Detachment of 1500 Men to reinforce the Gariſon of Landau. That day we received a Reinforcement of 3 Regiments of Horſe. The 4th the French Army advanced to our Lines near Croon-Weiſſembourg, which they attacked with great fury. Our Forces there at firſt made a good Reſiſtance; but finding themſelves overpowered, retired hither with inconſiderable Loſs, which fell chiefly upon two Independent Companies that were at Weiſſembourg. The 5th the Enemy came in ſight of our Camp, and attacked our advanced Guard, which was obliged to retire: They have been all night intrenching themſelves, and erected a Battery of 8 Pieces of Cannon to fire upon us, which has hitherto done us but little Damage. This day they attacked our Left Wing, but were repulſed with Loſs.

Landau, June 7. The French Army under the Command of the Marſhal de Villars and the Marſhal de Marſin, having poſſeſſed themſelves of our Lines at Croon-Weiſſembourg, marched the 5th Inſtant towards General Thungen's Camp near Lauterbourg, where he is advantagiouſly poſted, having the River Lauter before him, a very good Intrenchment on his Right towards Weiſſembourg, the Rhine on his Left,